

Polink DS-MM-Hu A Kit for Immunohistochemistry Staining

Polymer-HRP&AP double staining kit to distinct two mouse antibodies on Human tissue with DAB (Brown) and GBI-Permanent Red (Red)

Storage: 2-8°C

Catalog No.: DS203A-6/(D78-6A) 12mL* 60 slides**
 DS203A-18 36mL* 180 slides**
 DS203A-60 120mL* 600 slides**

*Total volume of polymer Conjugates

** if use 100µL per slide

Intended Use:

The **Polink DS-MM-Hu A Kit** is designed to use with user supplied two mouse antibodies to detect two distinct antigens on human tissue or cell samples. This kit has been tested in paraffin tissue. However, this kit can be used on frozen specimen and freshly prepared monolayer cell smears.

Double staining is one of most common methods used in immunohistostaining that allow revealing two distinct antigens in a single tissue^{1,2}. **Polink DS-MM-Hu A Kit** from GBI Labs (Golden Bridge International) supplies two polymer enzyme conjugates: HRP polymer anti-Mouse IgG and AP polymer anti-Mouse IgG with two distinct substrates/chromogens, DAB (brown color, use with HRP polymer anti-Mouse IgG) and GBI-Permanent Red (red color, use with AP polymer anti-Mouse IgG). **Polink DS-MM-Hu A Kit** is non-biotin system that avoids endogenous biotin non-specific binding.

Kit Components:

Component No.	Content	12mL Kit	36mL Kit	120mL Kit
Reagent 1	HRP polymer anti-Mouse IgG (RTU)	6mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 2A	DAB substrate buffer (RTU)	15mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 2B	DAB chromogen (20x)	1.5mL	2mL	3mL
Reagent 3	Antibody Blocker (40x)	15mLX2	50mL	125mL
Reagent 4A	DS-MM Blocker A (RTU)	6mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 4B	DS-MM Blocker B (RTU)	6mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 5	AP polymer anti-Mouse IgG (RTU)	6mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 6A	GBI-Permanent Red Substrate (RTU)	7mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 6B	GBI-Permanent Red Activator (5x)	1.4mL	3.6mL	12mL
Reagent 6C	GBI-Permanent Red Chromogen (100x)	70µL	180µL	0.6mL
Reagent 7	Simpo-Mount (RTU)	15mL	18mL	60mL

Recommended Protocol:

1. Fixation: To ensure the quality of the staining and obtain reproducible performance, user needs to supply appropriately fixed tissue and well prepared slides.
2. Tissue need to be adhered to the slide tightly to avoid tissue falling off.
3. Paraffin embedded section must be deparaffinized with xylene and rehydrated with a graded series of ethanol before staining.
4. Cell smear samples should be made as much monolayer as possible to obtain satisfactory results.
5. Three control slides will aid the interpretation of the result: positive tissue control, reagent control (slides treated with Isotype control reagent), and negative control.
6. Proceed IHC staining: DO NOT let specimen or tissue dry from this point on.
7. We recommend TBS-T to be used as the wash buffer to get the highest sensitivity and clean background. Phosphate in the PBS-T may inhibit the activity of the alkaline phosphatase. **Note: 1X TBS-T =50mM Tris HCl, 150mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween-20 pH7.6.** GBI sells 10xTBS-T for your convenience (B11xx)

Reagent	Staining Procedure	Incubation Time (Min.)
1. Peroxidase and Alkaline Phosphatase Blocking Reagent Not provided We recommend using GBI Dual Block E36xx . Fast, easy and it will block endogenous alkaline phosphatase	a. Incubate slides in peroxidase and alkaline phosphatase blocking reagent. We recommend GBI Dual Block E36xx . b. Rinse the slide using distilled water.	10 min

2. HIER Pretreatment: Refer to antibody data sheet.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (HIER) may be required for primary antibody suggested by vendor. b. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T(See note 7 above); 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	
3. Preblock (optional)	For paraffin section, Improved formula saves the need for a preblock step. For frozen tissue, preblock may or may not be required depending on fixative. (Preblock catalogue No.:E07 was Recommended.)	
4. Mouse Antibody 1: Supplied by user	<p>Notes: Investigator needs to optimize dilution and incubation times prior to double staining.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of mouse primary antibody 1 to cover the tissue completely. Incubate in moist chamber for 30-60 min. b. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T; 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	30-60 min
5. Reagent 1 HRP polymer anti-Mouse IgG (RTU)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops (100µL) of Reagent 1 HRP polymer anti-Mouse IgG to cover each section. b. Incubate in moist chamber for 15 min. c. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T; 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	15 min
6. Reagents 2A, 2B Reagents 2A: DAB Substrate(RTU) Reagents 2B: DAB Chromogen(20x)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Add 1 drop of Reagent 2B to 1 mL Reagent 2A. Mix well. Protect from light and use within 7 hours. b. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of DAB CHROMOGEN mixture to completely cover tissue. Incubate for 3-10 min. c. Rinse thoroughly with distilled water 3 times, 2 minutes each time. d. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T; 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	3-10 min
7. Reagent 3: Antibody Blocker(40x) (Optional) Must test if antibody/antigen interaction is heat sensitive. Please skip this step if antigen retrieval is used for 2nd Ms Primary Antibody.	<p>Note: This step will block antibodies of previous step so no cross reaction will occur at end of protocol. HIER can be done immediately after Antibody Blocker step if only one primary antibody requires antigen retrieval. For frozen tissue a lower temperature of 65°C must be used for Antibody Blocker (Reagent 3) to prevent tissue from dissociating from slide.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Use hot plate or water bath to heat diluted Reagent 3 to 1x solution (1 part of Antibody Blocker in 39 parts of distilled water) to 80°C. Make enough volume to cover the tissue in beaker. b. Put slides in heated Antibody Blocker for 10 minutes at 80°C. c. Remove slides from the Antibody blocker; cool slides 5 seconds. d. Rinse slides in multiple changes of distilled water. e. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T; 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	10 min
8. Reagent 4A DS-MM Blocker A(RTU)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of Reagent 4A DS-MM Blocker A to cover the tissue completely. Mix well on the slide and Incubate in moist chamber for 30 min. b. Rinse with PBS containing 0.05% Tween-20 for 2 min, 3 times. 	30 min
9. Reagent 4B DS-MM Blocker B(RTU)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of Reagent 4B DS-MM Blocker B to cover the tissue completely. Mix well on the slide and Incubate in moist chamber for 10 min. b. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T; 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	5 min
10. Mouse antibody 2: Supplied by user	<p>Notes: Investigator needs to optimize dilution and incubation times prior to double staining.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of mouse primary antibody 2 to cover the tissue completely. b. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T; 3 times for 2 minutes each.. 	30-60 min
11. Reagent 5 AP polymer anti-Mouse IgG (RTU)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops (100µL) of Reagent 5 AP polymer anti-Mouse IgG to cover each section. b. Incubate in moist chamber for 15 min. c. Wash with 1X TBS-T only; 3 times for 2 minutes each. 	15 min
12. Reagent 6A, 6B, 6C	Note: Shake GBI-Permanent Red Activator before adding into GBI-Permanent Red Substrate.	10 min

Reagent 6A: GBI-Permanent Red Substrate (RTU) Reagent 6B: GBI-Permanent Red Activator (5x) Reagent 6C: GBI-Permanent Red Chromogen (100x) (To get maximum sensitivity of AP polymer, Please repeat chromogen step)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Add 200µL of Reagent 6B (Activator) into 1mL of Reagent 6A (Substrate buffer) and mix well. Add 10µL of Reagent 6C(Chromogen) into the mixture and mix well. (Note: For fewer slides, Add 100µL of Reagent 6B (Activator) into 500µL of Reagent 6A (Substrate buffer) and mix well. Add 5µL of Reagent 6C(Chromogen) into the mixture and mix well.) b. Apply 2 drops (100µL) or enough volume of GBI-Permanent Red working solution to completely cover the tissue. Incubate for 10 min, observe appropriate color development. To increase AP signal aspirate or tap off chromogen and apply 2-3 drops (100µL) again of the GBI-Permanent Red working solution to completely cover the tissue for additional 5 to 10min. c. Rinse well with distilled water. 	
13. HEMATOXYLIN Not provided	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Counterstain with 2 drops (100µL) or enough volume of hematoxylin to completely cover tissue. Incubate for 10-15 seconds. b. Rinse thoroughly with tap water for 2-3 min. c. Put slides in PBS until show blue color (about ½ - 1 min.) d. Rinse well in distilled water. 	
14. Reagent 7: Simpo-Mount(RTU)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apply 2 drops (100µL) or enough volume of Reagent 7 Simpo-Mount to cover tissue when tissue is wet. Rotate the slides to allow Simpo-Mount spread evenly. 	

Protocol Notes:

1. The fixation, tissue slide thickness, antigen retrieval and primary antibody dilution and incubation time effect results significantly. Investigator needs to consider all factors and determine optimal conditions when interpret the result.
2. GBI-Permanent Red is insoluble in organic solvent and can be coverslipped as well. however the dehydration steps must be shorter for optimal tissue structure and chromogen signal maintenance.
Note: Please wipe off extra water and air dry slides before dehydration and clear.
 - a. 1x 80% Ethanol 20 seconds;
 - b. 1x 95% Ethanol 20 seconds;
 - c. 3x 100% Ethanol 20 seconds each;
 - d. 1x 100% Xylene 20 seconds;
 - e. Add 1 drop of xylene based mountant (Cat. No. O-Mount, E02-18) and coverslip. Press to push the air bubble out.

CAUTION: DO NOT dehydrate in xylene longer than 20 seconds! It will erase GBI-Permanent Red stain!

Precautions:

DAB may be carcinogenic. Please wear gloves and take other necessary precautions.

Remarks:

For research use only.

References:

1. De Pasquale A, Paterlini P, Quaglino D. *Immunochemical demonstration of different antigens in single cells in paraffin-embedded histological sections.* Clin Lab Haematol. 1982;4(3):267-72.
2. Polak J. M and Van Noorden S. Introduction to Immnocytochemistry Second Edition. Bios Scientific Publishers. P41-54. 1997

Work Sheet for DS203A Kit

We designed these work sheets to help you track of each step. When staining fails these sheets help our technical support staff to pinpoint the problem.

To insure that all steps are done properly, we recommend that the user fill in the actual time of their experimental step and any variation. Results will vary if time recommendations are not followed. RTU translates to ready to use.

- Used for tester to check “√” each step during the experiment
- Steps follow after de-paraffinization
- Refer to insert for details of each step

DS203A Protocol is suitable when both mouse primary antibodies need or do not need pre-treatment step.

Protocol Step	DS203A Protocol Reagent / Time	Experiment 1 Date:	Experiment 2 Date:	Experiment 3 Date:	Experiment 4 Date:
Step 1	Peroxidase & Alkaline Phosphatase Block E36 was Recommended User supplied				
Step 2 (Optional)	HIER if needed User supplied (up to 60 min)				
Step 3 (optional)	Preblock if needed User supplied				
Step 4	Mouse 1°Ab #1 User supplied (30-60 min.)				
Step 5	Reagent 1 HRP Polymer anti-Mouse IgG RTU(15min) Rinse with distilled water.				
Step 6	Reagent 2A & Reagent 2B DAB requires mixing (10min)				
Step 7	Reagent 3 Antibody Blocker (10 min)				
Step 8	Reagent 4A DS-MM Blocker A RTU (30 min)				
Step 9	Reagent 4B DS-MM Blocker B RTU (5 min)				
Step 10	Ms 1°Ab #2 User supplied (30-60 min)				
Step 11	Reagent 5 AP Polymer anti-Mouse IgG RTU(15min) Rinse with tap water				
Step 12	Reagent 6A, Reagent 6B & Reagent 6C GPI-Permanent Red requires mixing.(10min)				
Step 13	Counter stain				
Step 14	Reagent 7 Simpo-Mount RTU				
Result	Stain pattern on controls are correct: Fill in Yes or NO				